



PROVIDER NETWORK CREDENTIALING FORM

(PLEASE LIST ALL OFFICE LOCATIONS WHERE FCE'S ARE PERFORMED)

(PAGE 1 OF 2 PAGES)

NAME OF PRACTICE	TAX ID NUMBER	MAIN OFFICE ADDRESS			
MANAGER	SCHEDULER				
PHONE	FAX	EMAIL ADDRESS			
PROVIDER INFORMATION					
PROVIDERS LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	M I	LICENSE TYPE STATE	EFFECTIVE DATE	EXPIRATION DATE
LICENSE NUMBER	RESTRICTIONS ON LICENSE <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO) IF YES, what restrictions explain below				
SERVICES PROVIDED (please check all that apply and indicate current fees) <input type="checkbox"/> FCE/Fee \$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> JOB ANALYSIS/Fee \$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> POST OFFER AGILITY TEST/Fee \$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> MOBILE ASSESSMENTS/Fee \$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> DEPOSITIONS/Fee \$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> ERGONOMIC EVALUATIONS/Fee \$ _____				PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE COMPANY (PLEASE SUPPLY THE NAME AND ADDRESS BELOW.)	
TYPE OF POLICY <input type="checkbox"/> claims made <input type="checkbox"/> tailing insurance <input type="checkbox"/> per occurrence		NUMBER OF YEARS WITH INSURANCE COMPANY		EFFECTIVE DATE	EXPIRATION DATE
INSURANCE CO. PHONE	NUMBER OF YEARS WORKING WITH THIS EMPLOYER	POLICY NUMBER	* AMOUNT OF COVERAGE	Occurrence:	
				Aggregate:	
* PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE MINIMUM IS 1 MILLION PER CLAIM / OR OCCURRENCE AND 3 MILLION ANNUAL AGGREGATE!!					

CONNECT FCE
 PO Box 519
 Langhorne, PA 19047-0519
 Toll free: 1-877-323-7767
 Fax: 1-215-860-8650

PROVIDER NETWORK CREDENTIALING FORM (CONT.) PAGE 2 OF 2

PLEASE ANSWER THE FOLLOWING CONFIDENTIAL QUESTIONS. (ATTACH AN EXPLANATION SHEET FOR ALL "YES" ANSWERS)

QUESTION	YES	NO
HAS YOUR PARTICIPATION IN AN INSURANCE COMPANY EVER BEEN LIMITED OR TERMINATED?		
HAS ANY INSURANCE CARRIER EVER MADE AN OUT OF COURT SETTLEMENT OR PAID A JUDGEMENT OF A MEDICAL MALPRACTICE CLAIM ON YOUR BEHALF IN THE PAST (10) YEARS? ARE THERE ANY PENDING SUITS? PLEASE PROVIDE ANY AND ALL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION IF A "YES" TO EITHER QUESTION.		
DOES YOUR CURRENT PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY MEET WITH YOUR STATE REQUIREMENTS?		
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN PUBLICLY REPRIMANDED OR DISCIPLINED BY ANY LICENSING AGENCY OR BOARD?		
HAS YOUR LICENSE EVER BEEN REVOKED?		
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN CENSORED BY A LOCAL OR STATE PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATION?		
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIMINAL OFFENSE?		
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN REVOKED, SUSPENDED, REDUCED, OR NOT RENEWED BY YOUR PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE GROUP?		
PLEASE INCLUDE A COPY OF YOUR CV (RESUME), LICENSE, AND YOUR PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE		

I, _____ authorize Connect FCE to consult with past and present malpractice insurance carriers who may have information regarding my professional competence. All responses received will be held in the strictest confidence and only be utilized for the express purpose of our credentialing process. I attest that all information on the credentialing document(s) is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge. Connect FCE reserves the right to deny a potential network participant based on misstatement or omission of information relative to this application. It is the responsibility of the applicant to inform Connect FCE within (30) days of any change in their status relative to information requested on this application.

_____ **Date** _____
Applicant's name and title (please print)

Signature of Applicant

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Provider Questionnaire

We would like to have the following information on the Functional Capacity Evaluations that you perform:

1. Name and phone number of person to contact in regards to your group joining our Provider Network? _____
2. How many FCEs does your facility perform on average per month? _____
3. Do you do Disability FCEs (1 Day, 2 Day, or Both)? (Please circle one)
4. Do you do Worker's Comp FCEs (1 Day, 2 Day, or Both)? (Please circle one)
5. Do you do job specific or non job specific evaluations or both? (Please circle one)
6. Do you assess cardiovascular conditioning and fatigue during FCE? Yes No
If "Yes", please describe what method is used _____
7. Do you make recommendations on patient capabilities and needs? Yes No
8. Do you discuss results with patients? Yes No
9. Are you willing to complete an estimated Physical Capabilities Form based on the results and interpretation of your Functional Capacity Evaluation? Yes No
10. Are you willing to testify in court based on the results and interpretation of your Functional Capacity Evaluation? Yes No

If so, please complete the following list of fees:

- Expert witness fees for court appearance (per hour): _____
 - Deposition fees (per hour): _____
 - Video deposition fees (per hour): _____
 - Teleconference deposition fees (per hour): _____
 - Travel fees (per hour): _____
11. Please indicate the amount of time needed to prepare a report, post evaluation: _____

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12. Are you able to send a report via email with a signed document in PDF format or some other secure software? Yes No

13. What specific training and/or certification has your staff received in the performance of FCEs?

- Arcon FCE
- Blankenship FCE
- Ergo-Science FCE
- Workwell (IWS) FCE
- Key Assessment FCA
- Hunuan FCE
- Matheson FCE
- Medigraph
- Others, please specify

Explain: _____

14. Which disciplines perform FCEs at your center?

- Physical Therapists
- Physical therapy assistants
- Occupational Therapists
- Exercise physiologists
- Others _____

Please provide the names and credentials of evaluators who are available to perform FCEs:

15. Additional languages spoken: _____

16. Do you have mobile evaluators? Yes No

If "Yes", what are your travel fees? _____

17. Do you provide transportation to your facility? Yes No

If "Yes", what are your fees? _____

18. Would you like other locations listed in our network? (If so, please list on a separate sheet of paper)

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Please print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	Name (as shown on your income tax return)	
	Business name, if different from above	
	Check appropriate box: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/Sole Proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> Partnership <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ <input type="checkbox"/> LLC filing as Sole Proprietor <input type="checkbox"/> LLC filing as Corporation <input type="checkbox"/> LLC filing as Partnership	<input type="checkbox"/> Exempt from backup withholding
	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
	City, state, and ZIP code	
List account number(s) here (optional)		

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on Line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see How to get a TIN on page 3.

Social security number								
or								
Employer identification number								

Note: If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 3 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
3. I am a U.S. person (including a U.S. resident alien).

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the Certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. (See the instructions on page 3.)

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

U.S. person. Use form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

1. Certify the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee.

Note: If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

- For federal tax purposes you are considered a person if you are:
- An individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States,
 - A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States, or
 - Any estate (other than a foreign estate) or trust. See Regulations sections 301.7701-6(a) and 7(a) for additional information.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the recipient has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese

student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments (after December 31, 2002). This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, non-employee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester, or
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details), or
3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN, or
4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of Federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your social security card. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle the name of the person or entity whose number you enter in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your social security card on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name" line.

Limited liability company (LLC). If you are a single-member LLC (including a foreign LLC with a domestic owner) that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Treasury regulations section 301.7701-3, enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. Enter the LLC's name on the "Business name" line. Check the appropriate box for

your filing (sole proprietor, corporation, etc.), then check the box for "Other" and enter "LLC" in the space provided.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required Federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name" line.

Note: You are requested to check the appropriate box for your status (individual/sole proprietor, corporation, etc.).

Exempt from backup withholding

If you are exempt, enter your name as described above and check the appropriate box for your status, then check the "Exempt from backup withholding" box in the line following the business name, sign and date the form.

Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends.

Note: If you are exempt from backup withholding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

Exempt payees. Backup withholding is not required on any payments made to the following payees:

1. An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2);
2. The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities;
3. A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
4. A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities; or
5. An international organization or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other payees that may be exempt from backup withholding include:

6. A corporation;
7. A foreign central bank of issue;
8. A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States;
9. A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission;
10. A real estate investment trust;
11. An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
12. A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a);
13. A financial institution;
14. A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian; or
15. A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The chart below shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt recipients listed above, 1 through 15.

If the payment is for...	THEN the payment is exempt for...
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt recipients except for 9
Broker transactions	Exempt recipients 1 through 13 . Also, a person registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 who regularly acts as a broker
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt recipients 1 through 5
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt recipients 1 through 7 ²

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation (including gross proceeds paid to an attorney under section 6045(f)), even if the attorney is a corporation) and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are **not exempt** from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees; and payments for services paid by a Federal executive agency.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see How to get a TIN below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-owner LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see Limited liability company (LLC) on page 2), enter your SSN (or EIN, if you have one). If the LLC is a corporation, partnership, etc., enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See the chart on this page for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov/online/ss5.pdf. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses/ and clicking on Employer ID Numbers under Related Topics. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Writing "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded domestic entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, and 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). Exempt recipients, see Exempt from backup withholding on page 2.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983.

You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983.

You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions.

You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a non-employee for services, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The Minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or single-owner LLC	The owner ³
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
6. Sole Proprietorship or single-owner LLC	The owner ³
7. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
8. Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832	The corporation
9. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
10. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
11. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
12. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ **You must show your individual name**, but you may also enter your business or "DBA" name. You may use either your SSN or your EIN (if you have one).

⁴ List first and circle the name of the legal trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons who must file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, and certain other income paid to you, mortgage interest you paid, the acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA or Archer MSA. The IRS uses the numbers for identification purposes and to help verify the accuracy of your tax return. The IRS may also provide this information to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, and the District of Columbia to carry out their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, or to other Federal and state agencies to enforce Federal nontax criminal laws and to combat terrorism.

You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Payers must generally withhold 30% of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to a payer. Certain penalties may also apply.